

# Important notice

You must read the following before continuing. The following applies to this document and the information provided in this presentation by Medivir AB (publ) (the "Company") or any person on behalf of the Company and any other material distributed or statements made in connection with such presentation (the "Information"), and you are therefore advised to carefully read the statements below before reading, accessing or making any other use of the Information. In accessing the Information, you agree to be bound by the following terms and conditions.

The Information does not constitute or form part of, and should not be construed as, an offer of invitation to subscribe for, underwrite or otherwise acquire, any securities of the Company or a successor entity or any existing or future subsidiary or affiliate of the Company, nor should it or any part of it form the basis of, or be relied on in connection with, any contract to purchase or subscribe for any securities of the Company or any of such subsidiaries or affiliates nor shall it or any part of it form the basis of or be relied on in connection with any contract or commitment whatsoever. Specifically, this presentation does not constitute a "prospectus" within the meaning of the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

The Information may not be reproduced, redistributed, published or passed on to any other person, directly or in directly, in whole or in part, for any purpose. The Information is not directed to, or intended for distribution to or use by, any person or entity that is a citizen or resident of, or located in, any locality, state, country or other jurisdiction where such distribution or use would be contrary to law or regulation or which would require any registration or licensing within such jurisdiction. The Information is not for publication, release or distribution in the United States, Australia, Canada or Japan, or any other jurisdiction in which the distribution or release would be unlawful.

All of the Information herein has been prepared by the Company solely for use in this presentation. The Information contained in this presentation has not been independently verified. No representation, warranty or undertaking, express or implied, is made as to, and no reliance should be placed on, the fairness, accuracy, completeness or correctness of the Information or the opinions contained herein. The Information contained in this presentation should be considered in the context of the circumstances prevailing at that time and will not be updated to reflect material developments which may occur after the date of the presentation. The Company may alter, modify or otherwise change in any manner the content of this presentation, without obligation to notify any person of such revision or changes.

This presentation may contain certain forward-looking statements and forecasts which relate to events and depend on circumstances that will occur in the future and which, by their nature, will have an impact on the Company's operations, financial position and earnings. The terms "anticipates", "assumes", "believes", "can", "could", "estimates", "expects", "forecasts", "intends", "may", "might", "plans", "should", "projects", "will", "would" or, in each case, their negative, or other variations or comparable terminology are used to identify forward-looking statements. There are a number of factors that could cause actual results and developments to differ materially from those expressed or implied in a forward-looking statement or affect the extent to which a particular projection is realized. Factors that could cause these differences include, but are not limited to, implementation of the Company's strategy and its ability to further grow, risks associated with the development and/or approval of the Company's products candidates, ongoing clinical trials and expected trial results, the ability to commercialize existing and any future products, technology changes and new products in the Company's potential market and industry, the ability to develop new products, the impact of competition, changes in general economy and industry conditions and legislative, regulatory and political factors. While the Company always intends to express its best judgment when making statements about what it believes will occur in the future, and although the Company bases these statements on assumptions that it believe to be reasonable when made, these forward-looking statements are not a guarantee of its performance, and you should not place undue reliance on such statements. Forward-looking statements are outside of the Company's control and could cause its actual results to differ materially from those it thought would occur. The forward-looking statements included in this presentation are made only as of the date hereof. The Comp



# **About Medivir**

- Founded in 1988.
- Listed on Nasdaq Stockholm
- Market cap around 590 million SEK, cash position at Q2-19: 192 million SEK
- Has developed two drugs from idea to market: Xerclear and Olysio
- Has established over 20 partnerships that generated over 400 million USD
- Current focus: oncology drug development and business development
- Highly competent and effective organization; 14 FTEs



# **Experienced leadership team**



Uli Hacksell, PhD; CEO Uppsala U, Astra, ACADIA



Christina Herder, PhD; COO *Pharmacia, Biovitrum* 



Magnus Christensen, MBA; CFO
O'Learys Trademark, ICA Sverige, HKScan



Linda Basse, MD; PhD; CMO Abbott, Topo Target, Genmab, Zealand



Rikard Höse, MD; Med Dir. Karolinska U Hospital, Novartis



Fredrik Öberg, PhD; CSO *Uppsala U* 



Linda Palmér, Sr Dir Clin Ops *Pfizer* 



# Medivir – Oncology focused biotech with major upside

## CLINICAL DEVELOPMENT

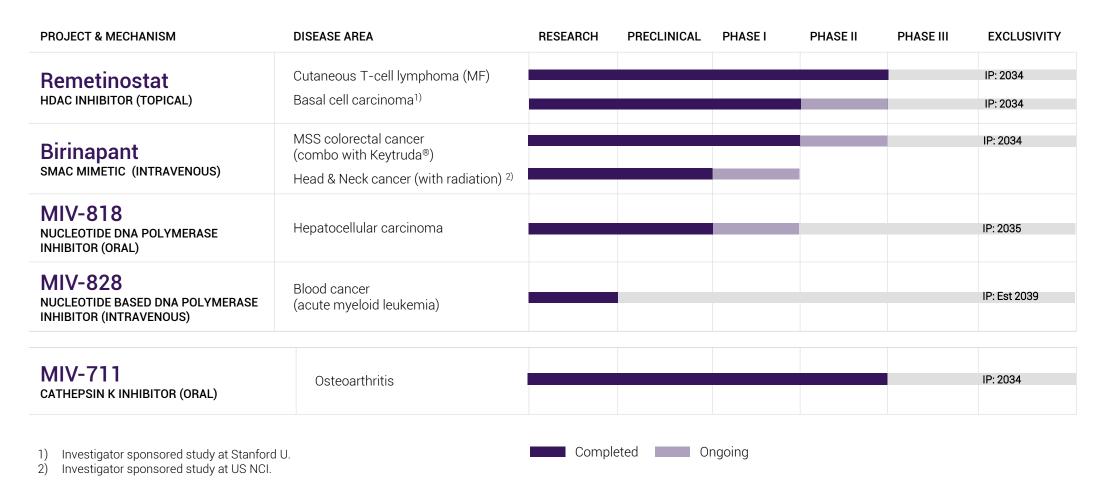
- Birinapant/Keytruda® combination: Ongoing phase II MSS CRC
  - o Interim data in Q4-19
- MIV-818: Ongoing phase I study in liver cancer
  - Early proof of concept in phase Ia (Q2-19)
  - o Phase Ib to start in Q4-19
- Remetinostat: Ongoing phase II ISS study for BCC
  - o Positive interim data in Q2-19

## **BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT**

- Out-licensing of phase III-ready MIV-711 for OA
- Partnering of phase III-ready remetinostat for CTCL
- Finding new homes for our preclinical research programs



# Broad and robust pipeline





# Remetinostat for early-stage MF cutaneous T-cell lymphoma

# MF-CTCL: orphan blood cancer indication

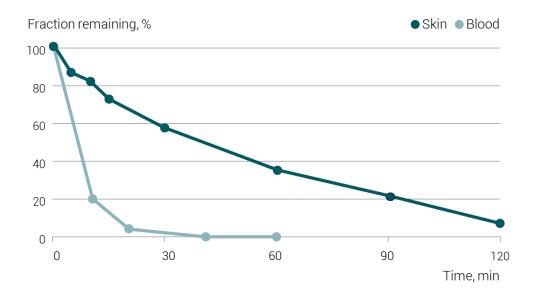
Cutaneous T-cell lymphoma (CTCL) affects lymphocytes (cells belonging to the immune defense system) located in the skin and typically has a chronic course.

- CTCL is a rare form of non-Hodgkin lymphoma primarily present in the skin. Mycosis fungoides (MF) is the most common form of CTCL
- Annual new cases; US ~ 2,000; EU ~ 3,000; Sweden ~ 25
- Five-year survival: ~ 85%; more than 16,000 US patients live with MF-CTCL
- Skin lesions and severe itching are common and affect patients quality of life
- Early stage disease lasts for long periods and requires well tolerated therapy
- Available treatments, such as Vorinostat and other systemic HDAC inhibitors, bexarotene, and Valchlor, have severe side effects



# Remetinostat: for treatment of early stage MF-CTCL

- Remetinostat is a histone deacetylase (HDAC) inhibitor
- Remetinostat's unique chemistry and topical formulation provides for activity in skin and rapid degradation in blood
- Approved HDAC inhibitors not used in earlystage MF-CTCL patients
- US orphan drug designation





# Remetinostat: clinical proof-of-concept phase II MF-CTCL study

Twelve months phase II data shows reduction in both lesions and severe itch

Dose	1%	0.5%	1%
	1x/day	2x/day	2x/day
	n=20	n=20	n=20
Lesion responses <sup>1</sup>	20%	25%	40%
Patients with clinically significant pruritus	(40%)	(30%)	(50%)
	n=8/20	n=6/20	n=10/20
Pruritus responses	38%	50%	80%

### Well tolerated:

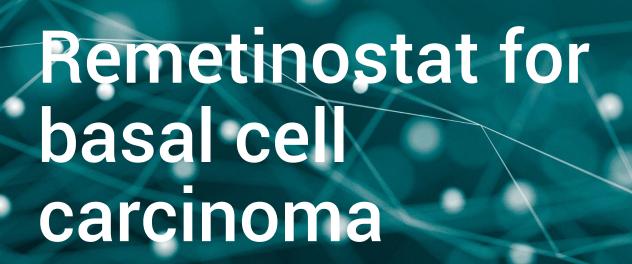
- No HDAC inhibitor-associated systemic adverse events
- Median time on treatment: 336 days (1% 2x/day dose)

<sup>1)</sup> Confirmed responses based on CAILS, the Composite Assessment of Index Lesion Severity

# Remetinostat: next steps

- Medivir has defined a phase III design based on the requirements clarified by the FDA
- One phase III study expected to be sufficient for FDA
- Phase III study will enroll treatment-experienced patients
- Medivir seeks to identify a business partner for the further development of remetinostat





# Remetinostat: interim phase II BCC data presented at SID 2019\*

# Basal cell carcinoma

- The most common form of cancer in humans occurring in the skin
- Surgery is standard of care, but there is a need for efficacious and safe treatments when surgery is impractical,
   e.g. multiple lesions and/or difficult treatment sites

# Interim phase II data

- Fifteen patients recruited in open-label study
- Treatment: remetinostat gel 1% (with occlusion) 3 times/day for six weeks
- ORR (≥ 30% in longest diameter): 64%
- 43% of tumors fully cleared
- No systemic toxicities
- Grade 2 reversable eczematous reaction in 71% of patients
- \* Urman et al., An open label phase 2 clinical trial of topical remetinostat for basal cell carcinoma



Birinapant: Uniquely potent against selected solid tumors

# Solid tumors: large unmet medical needs

Many patients with solid tumors have few or no options and are in need of effective medicines to extend life. The immuno-oncology medicine Keytruda® on its own is not sufficiently effective in treatment of certain solid tumors.

# Colorectal cancer indication (CRC)

- The second most common cancer in women and the third in men
- Estimated new cases 2018: US: ~ 140,000; EU: ~ 490,000; Sweden: ~ 6,200
- Five-year survival when metastatic: 14%

## Other cancer indications

- Ovarian cancer, the leading cause of mortality due a gynecologic tumor
  - Estimated new cases 2018: US: ~ 22,000; EU: ~ 23,000 Sweden: ~ 700
  - Five-year survival: 47%
- Cervical cancer, the third most common cancer in women world-wide
  - Estimated new cases 2018: US: ~ 13,000; EU: ~ 60,000; Sweden: ~ 450
  - Five-year survival: 62.5%



# Birinapant/Keytruda® studied in cancer patients with solid tumors

- Birinapant, a bivalent SMAC mimetic, enables tumor cell death and augments the immune system.
- Great potential to improve treatment of cancers when combined with immuno-therapy
- Ongoing collaboration with Merck for a phase I/II combination study of birinapant/Keytruda® in solid tumors
  - o Joint development committee oversees the study
  - o Keytruda® provided at no cost by Merck
  - Medivir retains full global rights to birinapant and data
- Phase I
  - o 19 patients with solid tumors were evaluated. Highest dose tested recommended for phase II
  - o 1 MSS colorectal cancer patient has partial response. Continued treatment after 80 weeks\*
- Phase II
  - o 15 patients with MSS colorectal cancer have been recruited
  - Interim/futility analysis in Q4 2019

<sup>\*</sup> ASCO 2019 oral presentation: Schilder et al., Determination of the Recommended phase 2 dose of birinapant in combination with pembrolizumab: Results from the dose escalation phase of BPT-201.



# MIV-818: Nucleotide prodrug for the treatment of liver cancer

# Primary liver cancer. hepatocellular carcinoma and intrahepatic cholangiocarcinoma

- Hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC) is the third leading cause of cancer-related deaths worldwide
  - Estimated new cases 2018: Asia: ~ 610,000; US: ~ 42,000; EU: ~ 82,000; Sweden: ~ 550
  - o Orphan disease in Western markets, but one of fastest growing and most deadly cancers in US
  - o High incidence in Asia including China Hepatitis B & C very common
  - o Five-year survival: 11% for regional disease and 2% for distant disease
  - o Genetically heterogeneous leading to limited effect of molecularly targeted therapies
- Intrahepatic cholangiocarcinoma (iCCA) is the second most common primary liver tumor
  - o Median survival is only 12 months
- Existing treatment options provide very little survival benefit with no drugs approved for iCCA



# MIV-818 for treatment of liver cancer

# Liver targeting

- MIV-818 is a troxacitabine (TRX)-based prodrug, designed to increase generation of the active metabolite TRX triphosphate (TP) in the liver after oral dosing
- When incorporated into DNA, TP causes double strand DNA breaks and cell death

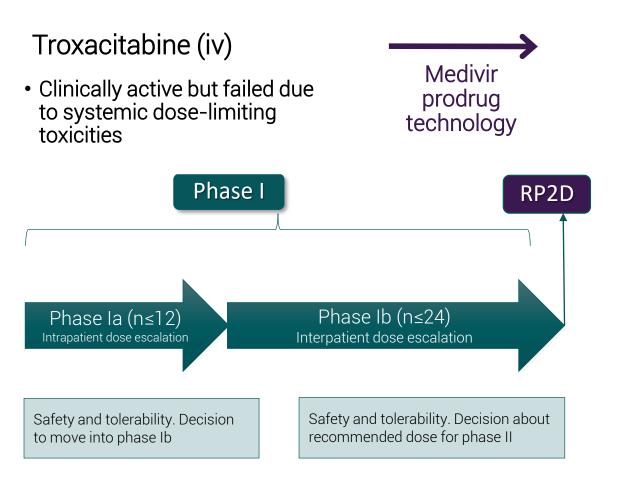
# No or low systemic exposure Oral administration Fast absorption and low metabolism No or low hydrolysis in blood No or low hydrolysis First –passage metabolism Conversion to TP trapped inside cells due to charge

# Prodrug approach

- Increase generation of TP in liver by first-pass uptake and rapid intracellular conversion to nonpermeable charged metabolites
- Minimize systemic exposure to troxacitabine



# MIV-818: prodrug for enhanced efficacy and safety in liver cancer therapy



# MIV-818 (oral)

- Enhanced activity
- Selectivity for cancer cells
- Improved delivery to the liver
- Limited systemic side effects

# MIV-818: Proof-of-concept phase la data

- Data analyzed from six patients with advanced liver cancer treated with escalated doses of MIV-818
- MIV-818 was well tolerated. Lowering of blood counts in the patient at the highest dose suggests that we are close to the maximal tolerated dose
- Clear signs of effect, measured as DNA damage, in biopsies from liver cancer tissue. No DNA damage seen in normal liver tissue
- DNA damage also observed in hypoxic liver cancer regions
- Signs of effect on the size of the liver tumors in several patients
- Tumor selective effect observed at low MIV-818 levels in plasma

# Normal liver Tumor tissue Tumor tissue Necrosis

Data from Patient 2

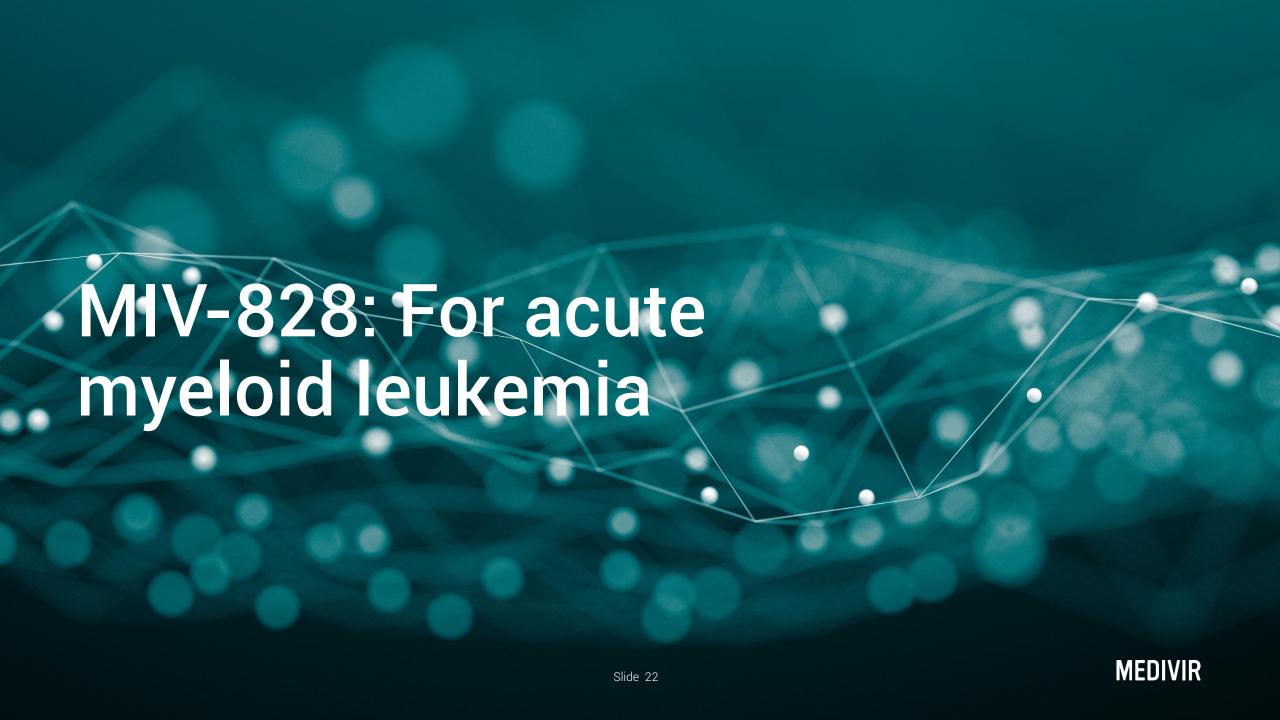
Normal liver Tumor tissue

Tumor
Stroma

Data from Patient 4

Clear evidence of pH2AX induction (brown nuclear stain) resulting from DNAdamage in tumor but not in normal liver tissue





# MIV-828: Summary

Acute myeloid leukemia (AML) leads to an overproduction of abnormal immature cells in the bone marrow and prevents development of normal blood cells, which could lead to anemia, bleeding episodes and a high susceptibility for severe infections.

- Expected new cases 2018: US: ~ 19,500; EU: ~ 43,000; Sweden: ~ 350
- Affects all ages, median age at diagnosis 68 years in the US
- Five-year survival: 50% in younger patients (<60y) and less than 10% in patients > 70y

## Opportunity in hematological cancers

- Better tolerated and more effective agent in patients with AML and other hematological cancers
- Initial development in relapsed/refractory AML patients

### Profile of MIV-828

- Nucleotide prodrug based on one of Medivir's proprietary areas of expertise
- Active metabolite shown to have potent anti-leukemic activity in preclinical in vivo models
- Increased activity and reduced susceptibility to pharmacologic resistance mechanisms of prodrugs
- Preclinical activity also demonstrated against T-cell lymphoma

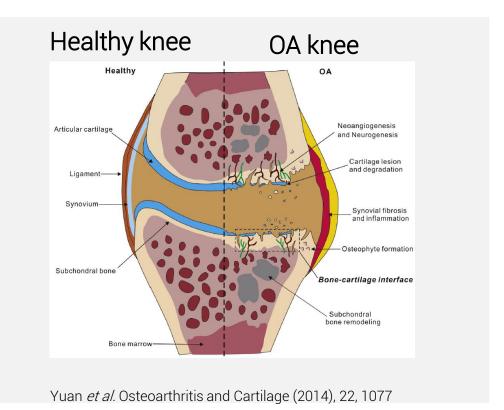




# Osteoarthritis (OA): the most common form of joint disease

- Affects ~240m adults worldwide
- Prevalence increasing due to aging population and obesity epidemic
- Current treatments focus only on pain relief
- Large unmet medical need for a disease-modifying drug (DMOAD) with potential to slow, halt or reverse the progression of OA
- New US FDA guidelines in OA may enable pathway for accelerated regulatory approval
- New draft FDA Guidance published August 2018, focused on structural endpoints in OA development

Cathepsin K protease is involved in the breakdown of collagen I in both bone and collagen II in cartilage





# MIV-711: positive effects on joint structure and signals of benefit on clinical symptoms

- Study design (MIV-711-201): 3 arms, 26 weeks treatment
- Study design (MIV-711-202): 200 mg MIV-711, 26 additional weeks

# MIV-711-201: Change from baseline vs week 26

	Placebo n=80	MIV-711 100 mg QD n=80	MIV-711 200 mg QD n=80
Femur bone area (mm²)	23.2	8.1	8.2
Cartilage thickness (mm)	-0.066	0.008	-0.017

- A trend consistently favoring MIV-711 arms in all predefined analyses of clinical outcomes, e.g. knee pain and knee function
- Safety and tolerability profile supporting advancement of MIV-711 as a diseasemodifying OA drug candidate



# Milestones **MEDIVIR** Slide 27

# Medivir - recent and upcoming milestones

MIV-828: CD nomination	Q4 2018	<b>/</b>
Birinapant/Keytruda®: completion of phase I	Q4 2018	<b>/</b>
MIV-818: Start of phase la	Q4 2018	<b>/</b>
Remetinostat: EoP2 meeting with FDA	Q4 2018	<b>/</b>
Birinapant/Keytruda®: start of phase II	Q4 2018	<b>/</b>
MIV-818: POC in phase la	Q2 2019	<b>/</b>
New organization in place	Q3 2019	<b>/</b>
Birinapant/Keytruda®: phase II futility analysis	Q4 2019	
MIV-818: Planned start of phase Ib	Q4 2019	

